Transliteration Map

DEVNAG font

(Hindi, Marathi, Sanskrit)

itrans ©1991 Avinash Chopde

1 Fonts Available

1.1 T_EX Interface

The devanagari font *devnag* is a Metafont font, developed by Frans Velthuis.

This font is not bundled with the itrans package, but is available at

many FTP sites. (The reason it is not bundled is that devnag is distributed under the GNU Public License. I do not understand the license fully, and I disagree with the parts I do understand. Anyway, to keep out of trouble I refrain from re-distributing GNU software.)

The devnag font is in a file called devnag.tar.Z for UNIX systems, and devnag.zip for MS-DOS.

Anonymous FTP sites:

rugrcx.rug.nl (129.125.4.12), in the directory "pub" june.cs.washington.edu, in the directory "/tex" cs.duke.edu (128.109.140.1), in the directory "dist/sources"

Note: This FTP site info may be out-of-date, refer to the FAQ posting in USENET newsgroup comp.text.tex for up-to-date information.

Bundled with itrans is a Metafont file (dvpn10.mf) which generates a variation of the Devnag font. If you have Metafont on your system, you may use it to generate the PK and TFM files for TEX. This variation was developed by Thomas Ridgeway, and in his words, it is "a trivial variation of dvng10.mf to resemble devanagari written with an ordinary writing pen". Looks nice, so I have included the dvpn10.mf file here.

Note that the dvpn10.mf file alone is insufficient to generate the TEX font, the complete devnag package is required to make it usable. And, you must know enough about Metafont to run it.

Important: itrans cannot automatically handle all the ligatures present in the devnag font. The itrans package is limited in in that only twoconsonant ligatures can be supported. The Devnag font does contain many three- and four- consonant ligatures, none of which can be printed using itrans. See the section titled "Limitations" for more details.

1.2 Dumb Textual Interface

Since this is a T_EX font, this interface cannot be used. (The Dumb interface directly produces PostScript code, but currently I have not located any Metafont to PostScript convertor, so this interface cannot be used for Metafont fonts.)

2 Sanskrit (or Hindi) and Marathi

Two IFM files are provided with with this font.

The first IFM file is called *dvng.ifm*, and is meant to be used for text that has to be printed out in Sanskrit or Hindi.

The second IFM file is called *mdvng.ifm*, and is meant to be used for text that has to be printed out in marathi.

The only difference between mdvng.ifm and dvng.ifm is in the treatment of ra-< consonant> ligatures. The marathi file uses the marathi form of rahalf, while the dvng.ifm file uses the hindi form.

Note that both the IFM files may be referenced in one input file, as is done in this file (devn.itx).

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Examples using dvng.ifm: rka->र्क, rki->र्कि, rgii->र्गी.
Examples using mdvng.ifm: rka->र्क, rki->र्कि, rgii->र्जी.
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3 Font Developer

This font has been created by Frans Velthuis. I would like to thank him for making it available as freeware.

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Frans Velthuis
University of Groningen
The Netherlands
e-mail address: velthuis@RUGRCX.RUG.NL (Frans J. Velthuis)
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4 Limitations

As mentioned in the first section, *itrans* makes use of only a subset of the ligatures available in the Devnag font. *itrans* only recognizes two-consonant

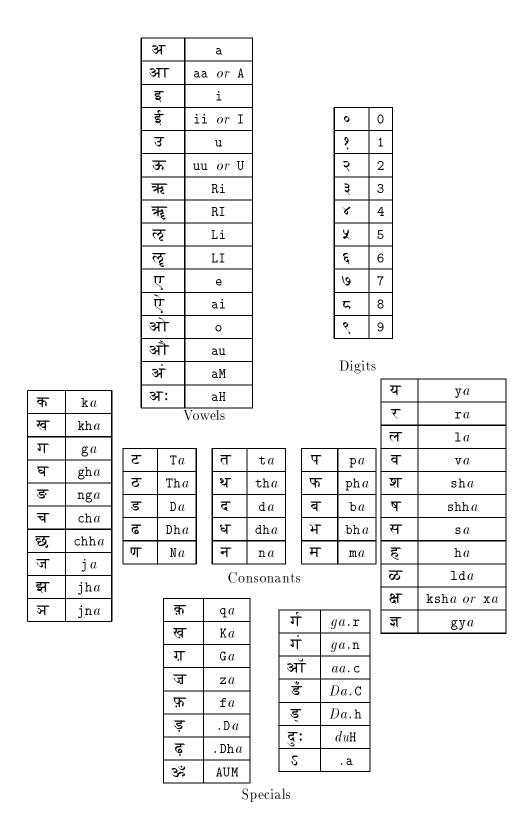


Figure 1: Marathi to English Transliteration Table.

क का कि की कु कू	ka kaa ki kii ku kuu
स सा सि सी सु सू	sa saa si sii su suu
खृ खे खै खं खः खं खं	khRi khe khai khaM khaH kha.c kha.C
डे डै डं ड: डॅ डँ	De Dai DaM DaH Da.c Da.C

Sample Letters

)TITT	1-1 ()				
भाग्य	bhaa{g}ya				
राज्य	raajya				
विद्या	vidyaa				
शिष्य	shishhya				
मुख्य	mukhya				
गाझा	gaaDyaa				
त्याग	tyaaga				
ध्यान	dhyaana				
न्याय	nyaaya				
श्याम	shyaama				
ज्योत	jyota				
मनुष्य	manushhya				
चांदण्या	chaa.ndaNyaa				
अभ्यास	abhyaasa				
कल्याण	kalyaaNa				
घड्याळ	ghaDyaalda				
कच्चा	kachchaa				
खड्डा	khaDa.hDaa				
खड्डा	khaDDaa				
गठ्ठा	gaThThaa				
धक्रा	dhakkaa				
पत्ता	pattaa				
तिप्पत	tippata				
पन्नास	pannaasa				
सज्जन	sajjana				
पुस्तक	pustaka				

कस्तुरी	kasturii			
नास्तिक	naastika			
प्राप्त	praapta			
स्वतंत्र	svata.ntra			
स्वातंत्र्य	svaata.ntr{}ya			
ध्वनी	dhvanii			
गोष्ट	goshhTa			
युद्ध	yuda.hdha			
युद्ध	yuddha			
पश्चिम	pashchima			
फक्त	phakta			
तर्हा	tarhaa			
अर्थ	artha			
कर्ता	kartaa			
गर्दी	gardii			
निर्णय	nirNaya			
पत्र	patra			
त्रिकोण	trikoNa			
श्रावण	shraavaNa			
आश्रम	aashrama			
शुश्रूषा	shushruushhaa			
ग्रंथ	gra.ntha			
प्रजा	prajaa			
द्राक्षे	draakshe			
गृहस्थ	gRihastha			
प्रकृती	prakRitii			

Sample Words

Figure 2: Examples

नैर्ऋत्य	naiRi{\kern-0.45em}.r{\kern0.45em}tya
शुभ	shubhra
सहस्त्र	sahastra
क्रीडा	kriiDaa
स्वच्छ	svachchha
स्वरूप	svaruupa
ट्रक	Traka
आम्ही	aamhii
चतुर्थी	chaturthii
ऋतू	Rituu
ऑक्तोबर	aa.cktobara
नोव्हेंबर	novhe.nbara
ग्रॅम	gra.cma
ऊँचा	uu.Cchaa
बैलगाडी	bailagaaDii
गुरुद्वारा	guruda.hvaaraa
गुरुद्वारा	gurudvaaraa
निराळ्या	niraaldyaa
ज्ञान	gyaana
मेकॅनिक	meka.cnika
म्हैस	mhaisa
देणार्या	deNaaryaa
प्रतिष्ठा	pratishhThaa
इतिहास	itihaasa
आस्थाबद्ध	aasthaabaddha
अंतर्राष्ट्रीय	a.ntaraa.rshhTriiya

Figure 3: Examples

ligatures, any ligature of more than two consonants is ignored.

The two tables (in figures 4 and 5) display the ligatures that are being used and those that are ignored. All the ra-<consonant> and <consonant>-ra ligatures are not displayed in the available list, but they are handled by itrans correctly.

Figure 5 displays ligatures that are not used, along with their decimal character codes (font positions). I mentioned that these ligatures are not supported by itrans, since itrans cannot recognize three or more consonants in a sequence as a single ligature. But, it is possible to assign unused input tokens to represent the ligatures in figure 5. This requires knowing what unused tokens exist, and knowledge to modify the IFM file. See the technical manual (tech.tex) for details regarding the IFM file. Unused tokens could be one that you do not plan using in yout input text (jna, gya, etc) or tokens that itrans recognizes for other languages (tamil: R, n^, etc). The procedure would be to replace unused input tokens so as to print out the required ligature.

[abc] Will provide more details in later releases.....

			•					
क क	kka	新				ब न	bna	ब
कत	kta	क्त	ठ य	Thya	য্য	ब ब	bba	लिख
कन	kna	æ	ड ग	Dga	ङ्ग	ब व	bva	न्न
कम	kma	का	ड घ	Dgha	দ্র	भन	bhna	भ
कय	kya	क्य	ड ड	DDa	ডুঙ	म न	mna	म्न
क ल	kla	क्र	ड म	Dma	द्य	म ल	mla	स्र
कव	kva	an a	ड य	Dya	ड्य	ल ल	lla	स्त्र
क श	ksha	क्ष	ढ य	Dhya	ढा	व न	vna	व
घन	ghna	ঘ	त त	tta	त्त	शच	shcha	শ্ব
ङ क	ngka	ો ઇસ્	त न	tna	त्न	शन	shna	শ্ব
ङ ख	ngkha	ড়িছ	त र	tra	त्र	शब	shba	শ্ব
ङ ग	ngga	ड ्रिन	दग	dga	न	शर	shra	श्र
ङ घ	nggha	lýia	द घ	dgha	র	शल	shla	स्र
ङ ङ	ngnga	砂砂	द द	dda	द	शव	shva	শ্ব
ङ न	ngna	िंग	द ध	ddha	द्ध	ष ट	shhTa	ষ্
ङ म	ngma	ङ्ग	द न	dna	ব্ধ	ष ठ	shhTha	ष्ठ
ङ य	ngya	ङ्य	द ब	dba	द्ध	स न	sna	स्र
च च	chcha	重	दभ	dbha	द्भ	ह ण	hNa	hε
च अ	chjna	ኴ	दम	dma	द्य	ह न	hna	μς/
छ य	chhya	ন্তি	द य	dya	द्य	ह म	hma	চ্চ
ज अ	jjna	দ্ধ	द व	dva	द्व	ह य	hya	ন্তি
ञ च	jncha	प्रिक	ध न	dhna	শ্ব	ह र	hra	ŀκ
ञ ज	jnja	ऋ	न न	nna	ন্ন	ह ल	hla	₩
ट क	Tka	lu s	प त	pta	ਸ	ह व	hva	ષ્જ્ર
ट ट	TTa	Խ	प न	pna	#	ज़ र	zra	फ़ि
ट ठ	TTha	hw	प ल	pla	स्र	फ र	phra	फ्र
ट य	Tya	ट्य				फ़र	fra	फ्र
]					

Figure 4: Ligatures Supported

Consonants	Ligature	Char Code	Consonants	Ligature	Char Code
कतय	त्त्य	197	ड ग य	ह्य	184
कतव	क्ति	198	डघर	ড্যিয়	182
कनय	क्य	230	ड र य	झ्र	251
करय	ऋ	231	दगर	द्ध	237
कवय	इय	204	दघर	इ	238
कतरय	क्र्य	252	ददय	द्य	144
ङकत	फ़्रि _र	173	ददव	Ьw	248
ङकय	ज़ ्द	175	दधय	द्ध	143
ङकष	峽踱	176	दधव	द्ध	249
ङ ख य	ह्य	186	दभय	ब्र	142
ङगय	ङ्ग	190	दरय	द्रा	239
ङघय	ङ्घ	185	दवय	द्ध्य	149
ङघर	ŀýax	192	षटय	ष्ट्य	247
ङकतय	ङ्क्य	174	षटव	bur	171
ङकषव	હિં દ્ધ	177	षटरय	ध्र	170

Figure 5: Ligatures NOT Supported